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Installation and Operation Manual RegulusRGMAT E W6 1F KK LOAD UNIT for heating systems

EN

1. Introduction

RegulusRGMAT E W6 1F KK Load Unit makes boiler installation quicker as it contains all important components needed for boiler circuit circulation and boiler protection against low-temperature corrosion. It is designed to be installed directly on a boiler return piping. The min. distance of the pipe axis from a wall is 100 mm to enable insulation removal if needed. This Load Unit is intended for hydronic fireplaces and solid-fuel boilers. The unit is completed with a set of 3 pipe fittings with ball valves which makes repairs easier and permits removal of separate parts without the need of draining the system.

2. RGMAT E W6 1F KK Description

Regulus RGMAT E W6 1F KK keeps the temperature at the boiler inlet above the flue gas condensation temperatures, which prevents so called low-temperature corrosion of the boiler combustion chamber. This limits condensation and boiler tarring significantly, the efficiency of fuel combustion increases and service life of the boiler is extended.

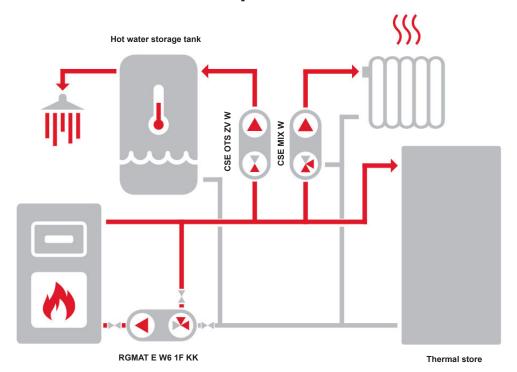
Main Features	
Function	maintaining a minimum inlet temperature into a boiler (fireplace) through a load valve
Application	Load Unit for solid-fuel boilers and fireplaces; it prevents low-temperature corrosion and boiler (fire) fouling
Description	consists of a Wilo PARA SC 25/6 pump, TSV5BMF 6/4Mx5/4F valve (with automatic bypass balancing), thermometer, insulation and 3 ball valves with union nuts
Working fluid	water; water/glycol mixture (max. 1:1) or water/glycerine mixture (max. 2:1)
Installation	on boiler return piping, min. distance of the pipe axis from a wall is 100 mm

Codes	Max. boiler output
19015 for opening temperature 55 °C	max. 45 kW
19016 for opening temperature 65 °C	max. 32 kW

RGMAT E W6 1F KK Technical Data	
Fluid working temperature	5 - 95 °C
Max. working pressure	6 bar
Min. working pressure	0.5 bar
Ambient temperature	5 - 40 °C
Max. relative humidity	80%, non condensing
Insulation material	EPP RG 60 g/l
Overall dimensions incl. fittings	350 x 185 x 155 mm
Total weight	4.2 kg
Connections	3x G 1" F

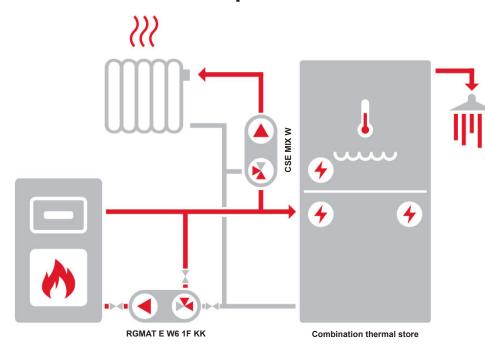
3. RGMAT E G75 5/4F KK Connection Diagram

Possible Connection Example I.



The diagram shows a typical connection of a solid-fuel boiler, thermal store and a heating circuit (with a recommended CSE MIX W pump station - not included in supply). If the boiler is also used for DHW heating, it is recommended to install also CSE OTS ZV W pump station (not included in supply).

Possible Connection Example II.



The diagram shows a typical connection of a solid-fuel boiler, combination thermal store (permitting DHW heating) and a heating circuit (with a recommended CSE MIX W pump station - not included in supply).

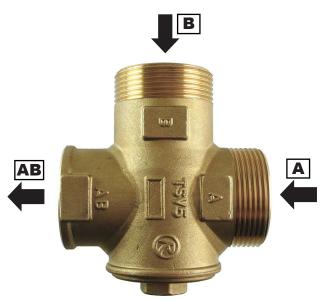
Install the Load Unit respecting the following instructions:

Connect the boiler inlet piping to the Load Unit outlet marked **AB**. Connect the return line from the heating system to the **A** inlet, and the outlet pipe from the boiler to the **B** inlet via a T-piece. Take care to install shut-off valves and filter where necessary to avoid draining the whole system for valve cleaning or replacing the thermostatic element.

When the connecting pipes are not arranged or sloped properly, the load valve may get blocked by air inside. This may hinder or even disable its operation.

Always respect valid rules and boiler manufacturer's data during installation.

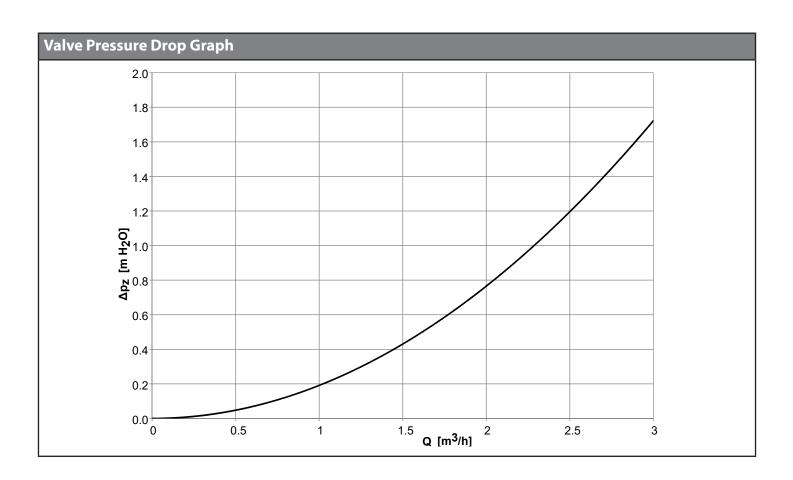
4. Function description of a TSV5BMF 6/4Mx5/4F valve



TSV5B 6/4Mx5/4F load valve is fitted with an integrated thermostatic insert that will close the **A** inlet (from a heating system), if the return water temperature to the boiler (**AB** outlet) is lower than the opening one. As soon as the opening temperature is reached, the thermostat starts opening the **A** inlet slowly and mixing the cold return water with the hot water from the boiler flow (**B** inlet) with the aim to reach the opening temperature in the return pipe (**AB** outlet).

At the same time, the valve closes the **B** inlet, limiting so the hot water flow coming from the bypass till its complete tight closure. Thanks to this, no balancing valve is needed. The load valve is made of brass, element and plug seals are in EPDM, cone seal is made of NBR.

Technical Data	
Valve opening temperature	depending on the thermostatic element
Control range	t _{valve opening} + 5 °C
Valve Kvs (A→AB direction)	7.3 m³/h
Valve Kvs (B→AB direction)	7.3 m³/h
Nominal inner diameter	DN 32

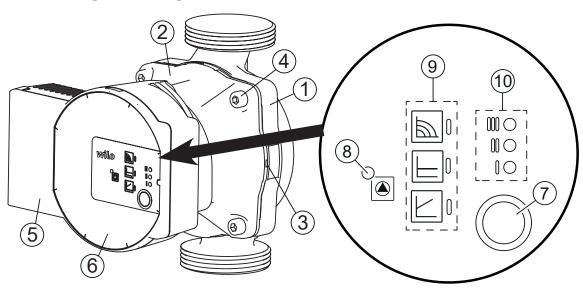


5. Wilo PARA 25/6 SC 130 mm Pump

5.1. General Information

The high efficiency circulation pumps of the PARA SC series are used exclusively for the circulation of liquids in hot water heating systems. Operating the pump in other systems or in systems lacking water, containing air or in unpressurized systems can lead to its rapid destruction.

5.2. Pump Description



- 1 Pump housing
- 2 Pump motor
- 3 Condensate drain openings
- 4 Pump housing bolts
- 5 Control module
- 6 Rating plate
- 7 Pump adjustment button

Permissible positions

- 8 LED indication of operation/fault
- 9 Display of the selected pump operating mode
- 10 Display of the selected pump curve (I, II, III)

5.3. Permitted and Prohibited Pump Positions

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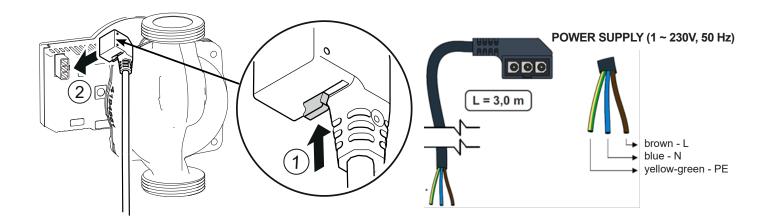
Prohibited positions



5.4. Pump Wiring

The pump must be wired / disconnected by a qualified person in compliance with EN 50110-1!

Plug the power cable (2) into the connector on the pump so that the connector lock (1) is in the correct position, see Fig.

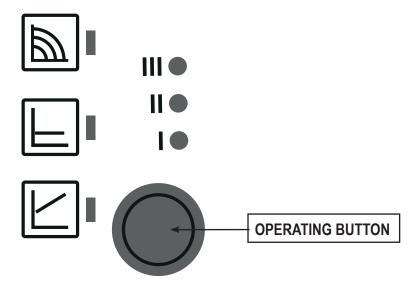


- 1 Lock
- 2 Power cable connector

5.5. Pump Control

Constant speed operating mode and pump performance curve III are preset as factory settings for the PARA SC pump. After switching on, the pump runs at the factory setting or at the last setting.

The settings can be changed using the operating button, see below.



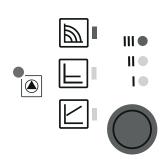
Briefly press the operating button to:

select the **pump operating mode**: constant speed, Δp -v or Δp -c and the **pump performance curve** (I,II,III)

Press and hold the operating button for the specified time to activate:

- **Pump venting function** hold the operating button for 3 seconds.
- **Manual restart** hold the operating button for 5 seconds.
- Locking / Unlocking the operating button hold the button for 8 seconds.
- **Factory setting** hold the operating button for at least 4 seconds and switch off the pump by disconnecting it from the mains.

SETTING THE PUMP PROFILE

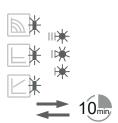


Briefly press the operating button for 1 second to select operating mode and pump performance curve. LEDs show pump settings (operating mode / performance curve).

	LED indicators	Operating mode	Performance curve
1		constant speed	II
2		constant speed	I
3		Δp-v variable	III
4		Δp-v variable	II
5		Δp-v variable	I
6		Δp-c constant	III
7		Δp-c constant	II
8		Δp-c constant	I
9		constant speed	III

PUMP VENTING





If air is present in the pump:

- Activate the pump venting function by pressing and holding the operating button for 3 sec. The upper and lower rows of LEDs will flash in 1sec interval, see Fig.
- o Pump venting takes 10 minutes, after that the pump returns to current mode. In order to cancel pump venting, press and hold the operating button for 3 sec.

MANUAL RESTART



If the pump has been inactive for a long time or is blocked, activate the manual restart by holding the operating button for 5 seconds. The LEDs flash sequentially clockwise. The manual restart takes max. 10 minutes before the pump returns to normal operation. To cancel the manual restart, hold down the operating button for 5 seconds.

If the pump does not get unblocked, contact a qualified technician.



OPERATING BUTTON LOCKING / UNLOCKING



To lock the operating button, press it for 8 seconds.

The selected setting then starts flashing and cannot be changed. To unlock, hold down the operating button again for 8 seconds and the LEDs will stop flashing.

FACTORY SETTINGS

To return to the factory settings, press and hold the operating button for at least 4 seconds (all LEDs flash for 1 second) and turn off the pump by unplugging. When switched on again, the pump will run at the factory settings.

PUMP OPERATING MODES

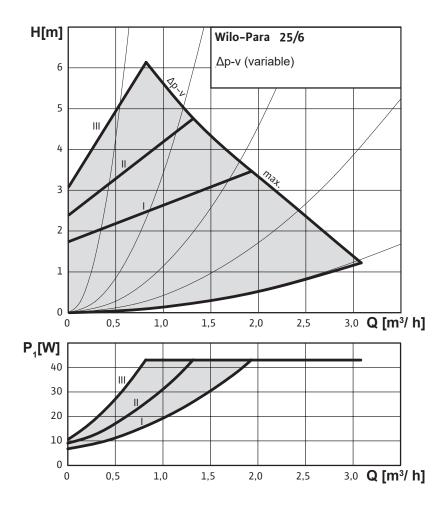
Variable differential pressure Δp-v

It is not recommended to use variable differential pressure for solid fuel boiler pumps!

The Variable differential pressure operating mode is recommended in systems where it is advisable to reduce the discharge pressure of the pump in parallel with the decreasing required flow rate. A typical example is a heating circuit with radiators equipped with thermostatic valves, where the selection of this operating mode can reduce the noise from thermostatic valves which is caused by closing too many radiators in the system. This mode, on the other hand, is unsuitable for circuits with heat sources where the reduction of the head and flow can make these sources even inoperable.

By reducing the discharge as the flow decreases, the pump's power consumption and therefore the operating costs are significantly reduced (see graph Q-P). In larger heating circuits and in circuits where there are significant differences in heating demand in separate heating zones, this mode may temporarily cause insufficient heating. In these systems, it may be preferable to switch the pump to Δp -c mode.

Performance curves

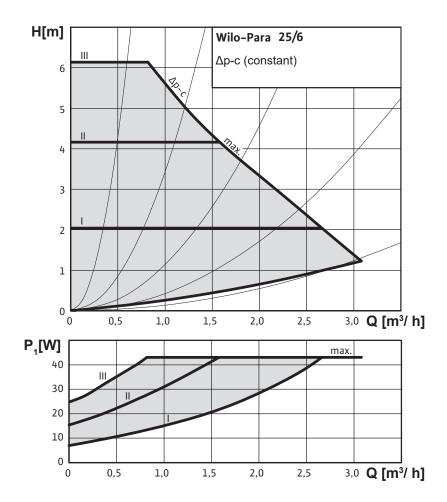


☐ Constant differential pressure Δp-c

The Constant differential pressure (constant delivery head) operating mode is suitable for hydraulic circuits of heat sources (boilers, heat pumps, solar thermal systems etc.), hot water storage tanks, heaters, underfloor heating systems and large heating circuits where the previous mode Δp -v could cause insufficient heating through discharge reduction.

By decreasing the required flow, the pump maintains a constant delivery head, thus the pump power consumption decrease is more gentle than in the Δp -v mode.

Performance curves



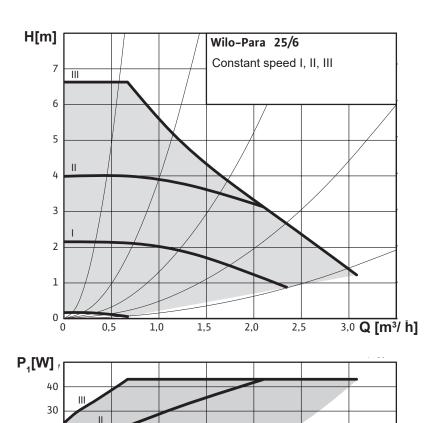
Constant speed

Constant speed operating mode means that the pump does not adjust its speed in any way depending on the flow rate or discharge of the hydraulic circuit. The flow and discharge of the pump are thus entirely dependent on the speed setting set (I, II, III) and the hydraulic circuit settings. This mode is used when the more economical Δp -c mode is not suitable. This is the same mode as in the older types of classic circulation pumps where the speed I, II, III was set by a selector switch.

For example, this mode may be suitable for older circuit types where flow is regulated by throttling and this method required to be maintained. Furthermore, it may be suitable for solid fuel boilers that are equipped with older types of TSV valves with balancing using a manual throttle valve, or in other similar specific cases of requiring a constant pump performance.

Performance curves

20100



2,0

2,5

3,0 **Q [m³/ h]**

5.6. Technical Data

	Wilo PARA 25/6 SC	
	Electric Data	
Power supply	1 ~ 230 V, 50 - 60 Hz	
Power input (min./max.)	3 / 43 W	
Current (min./max.)	0.04 / 0.44 A	
Max. speed	4300 rpm	
Speed control	frequency converter	
Energy Efficiency Index	≤ 0.21 by EN 16 297/3	
IP rating	IPX4D	
Motor protection	integrated	

5.7. FAULTS AND THEIR REASONS



The LED light signals a defect. The pump will switch off (depending on the defect type) and try to restart.

LED signals	State description and possible fault reasons
GREEN IS LIT	1 - pump is running in trouble-free operation
RED IS LIT	1 - rotor is blocked2 - electric motor winding defect
FLASHING RED	1 - power supply lower/higher than 230 V2 - electric short circuit in pump3 - pump overheated
FLASHING RED AND GREEN	1 - unforced fluid circulation through the pump2 - pump speed lower than desired3 - air in pump

FAULTS	REASONS	TROUBLESHOOTING
Pump does not run despite power supply switched on	El. fuse defect	Check the fuses
	Pump not energized	Remove power supply interruption
Pump is making noise	Cavitation due to insufficient inlet pressure	Increase pressure in the device within permissible range
		Check head setting, if necessary, set lower head
Building not warming up	Heat output of heating surfaces too low	Increase the desired value
		Set the operating mode to Δp-c

If the fault cannot be rectified, contact a qualified technician.

6. Installation options

This Load Unit comes in the version for horizontal installation to the right of a boiler. However, it can be installed also into vertical piping or horizontally to the left of a boiler. When being installed horizontally to the left of a boiler, the Load Unit needs to be turned by 180° and the TSV5BMF 6/4Mx5/4F valve turned as shown in the pics below.



